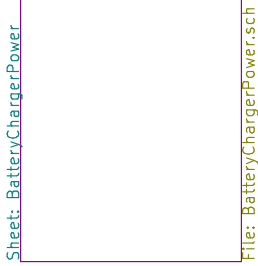
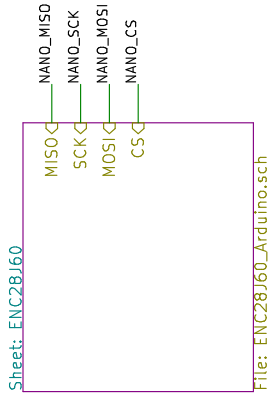


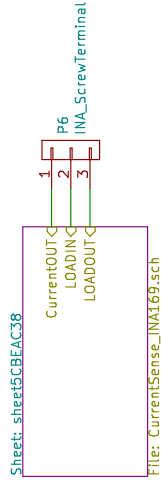
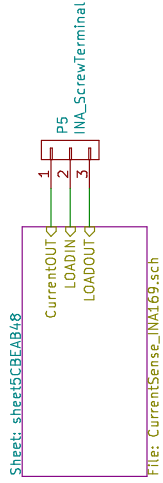
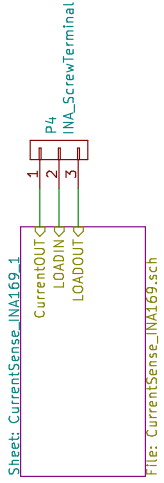
Power



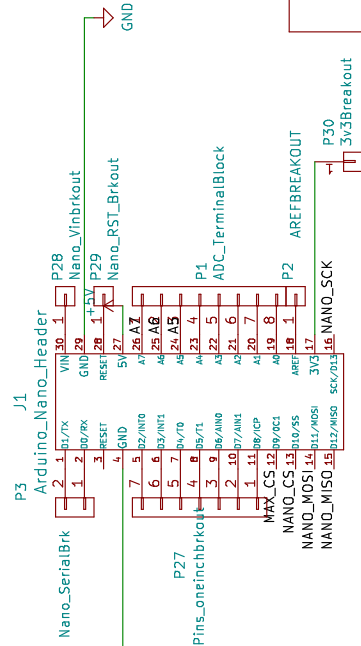
Ethernet



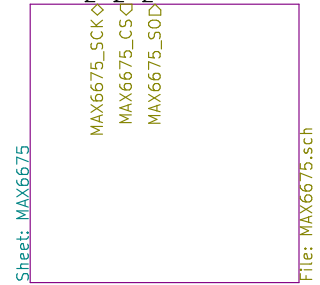
CurrentSense



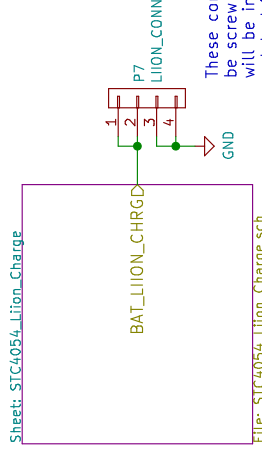
Microcontroller



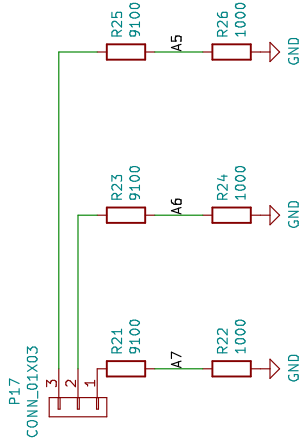
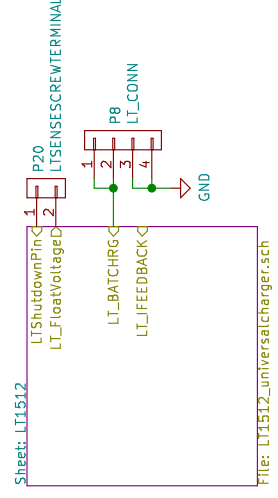
Temperature



Battery Chargers

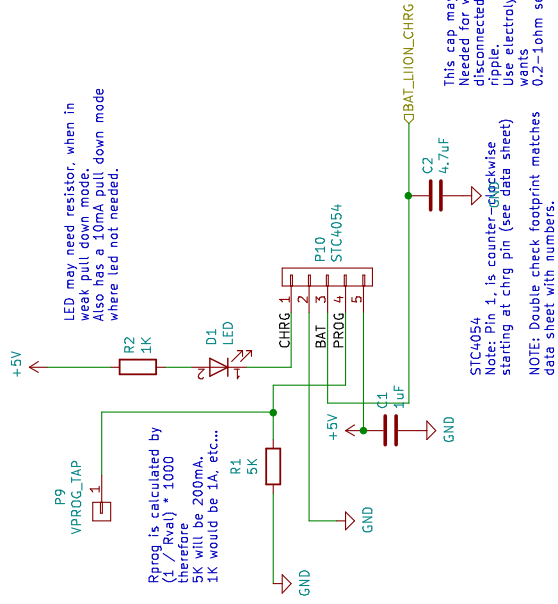


These connectors will be screw terminal and will be intended to be patched into the op amps for monitoring current, as well as as the ADC for voltage.



- MK1 Mounting_Hole
- MK2 Mounting_Hole
- MK3 Mounting_Hole
- MK4 Mounting_Hole

ST4054 Li-Ion 1 cell battery charger



4.2 Volts ONLY (not 4.1 – and only ONE cell)

VCC must be always 30mV above BAT or else it will shut down (i.e. if charger is battery powered)

Sheet: /STC4054_Liion_Charge/
File: STC4054_Liion_Charge.sch

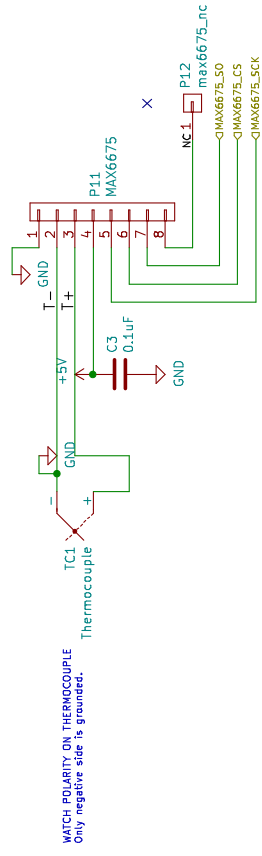
Title:

Size: A4 Date:

KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.2+dfsg1-1bpo9+1

Rev:
Id: 2/9

MAX6675



Sheet: /MAX6675/
File: MAX6675.sch

Title:

Size: A4 Date:

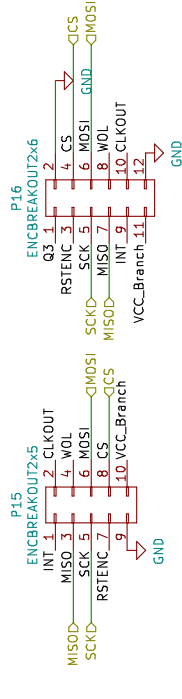
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.2+dfsg1-1bpo9+1

Rev:
Id: 3/9

ENC28J60 Arduino Module

ENC28J60 modules are loaded facing down on the top layer of the PCB. This is good to double check. The VCC here is on the inside of the board. Compare to existing PCBs.

HOW TO DOUBLE CHECK PINOUTS
Pick one pin, i.e. pin 10 which is VCC on this board. Look at layout, make sure its in the right place, so that the enc will be loaded correctly.



Jumpers. Most ENC28J60 Modules are 3.3v, but some have vregs, or dividers. There are two possible pinouts, from my collection that I see. 2x5 or 2x6. On my 2x6 module VCC is labeled as 5V. On the 2x5 it is unlabeled.

Sheet: /ENC28J60/
File: ENC28J60_Arduino.sch

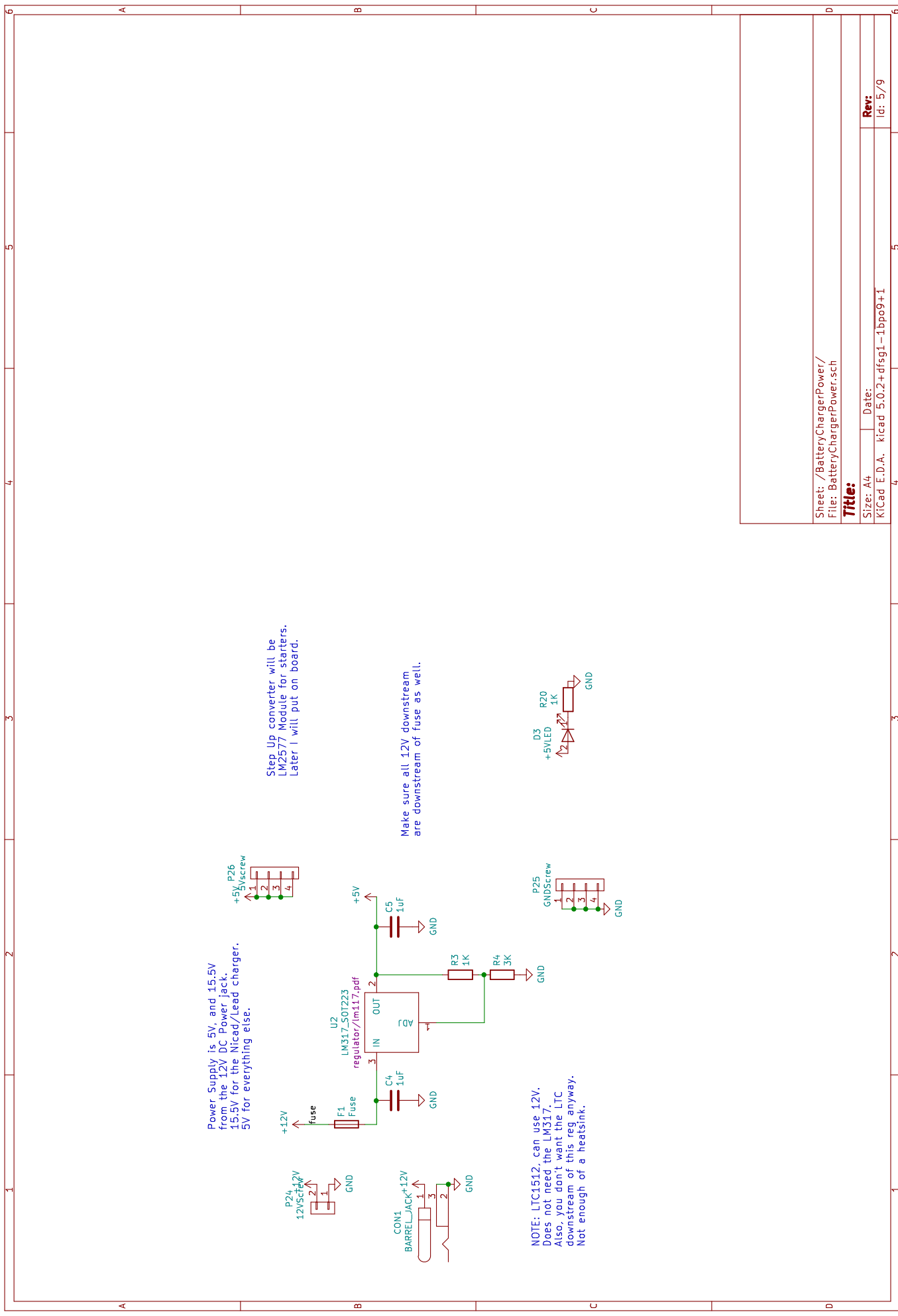
Title:

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Rev:

Id: 4/9



Power Supply is 5V, and 15.5V from the 12V DC Power Jack. 15.5V for the Nicad/Lead charger. 5V for everything else.

Step Up converter will be LM2577 Module for starters. Later I will put on board.

Make sure all 12V downstream are downstream of fuse as well.

NOTE: LTC1512. can use 12V. Does not need the LM317. Also, you don't want the LTC downstream of this reg anyway. Not enough of a heatsink.

Sheet: /BatteryChargerPower/
File: BatteryChargerPower.sch

Title:

Size: A4 Date:

KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.2+dfsg1-1bpo9+1

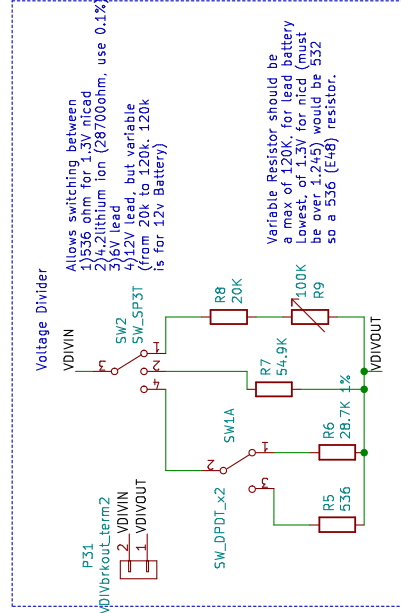
Rev:
Id: 5/9

How this is tuned:
 The V divider on Feedback pin determines float voltage.
 The R downstream of Feedback determines current (100mV / R).
 See data sheet for more details.
 Essentially, set float voltage on V divider.
 The current resistor is high enough to be low current.

Data Sheet mentions that input surges can fry 22uF input but a 2.2uF ceramic will work (keep it close to IC).
 22uF on output should be tantalum.

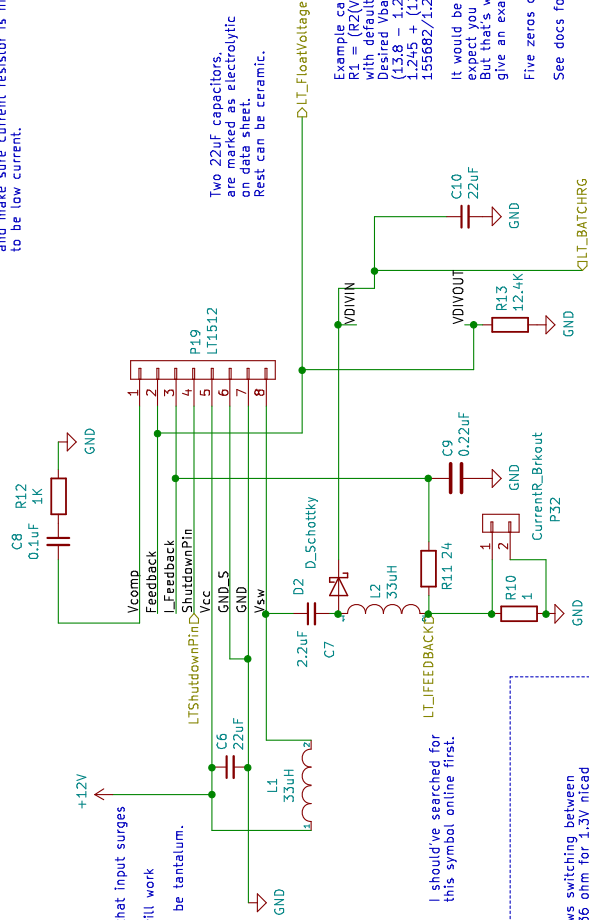
Voltage Divider, puts float voltage before voltage divider. To probe VDIVnBkout and Gnd.

I should've searched for this symbol online first.



Allows switching between:
 1) 536 ohm for 1.3V nicad
 2) 2zithium ion (28700ohm, use 0.1%)
 3) 51V lead, but variable (from 20k to 120k, 120k is for 12V battery)

Variable Resistor should be a max of 120K for lead battery. Lowest of 1.3V for nicd (must be over 1.245) would be 532 so a 536 (E48) resistor.



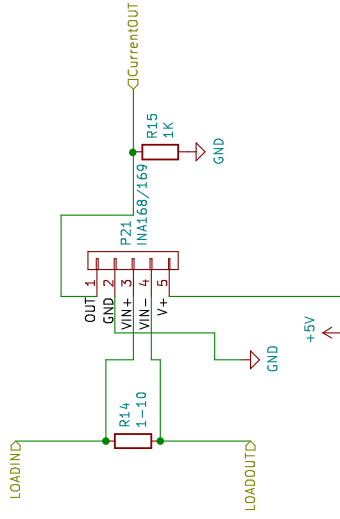
Two 22uF capacitors, are marked as electrolytic on data sheet. Rest can be ceramic.

Example calculation for R1:
 Ex: $R1 = \frac{V_{float}}{I_{float}} = \frac{1.245}{0.000003A} = 415000 \Omega$
 with default R2 at 12.4k
 $(1.245 + 12400 * .000003) = .03720 + 1.245 == 1.2822$
 $\frac{1.245}{1.2822} = 0.9699$
 It would be evil for them to put 0.3uA and expect you to convert that to 0.000003A. But that's what they did. At least they give an example to check.
 Five zeros on that.
 See docs for more details.

The Resistor after I Feedback, R10 is set at 0.2 ohms in the application note. In the circuit here, it is 1 ohm. It will allow about 80mA into a NiCd at 1.2 volts. At this level, there is an issue with charging voltage above single cell lithium values. The charging voltage is 1.2V. If you increase the resistance, you can lower the current output and thus also charge 6-12V batteries. Test with a current limiting power supply!

INA169 Current Sense

The Kicad symbol for INA168/169 was INCORRECT.
it has since been fixed (in official libraries),
but in Devuan Jessie it is wrong, so beware.



Sheet: /CurrentSense_INA169.1/
File: CurrentSense_INA169.sch

Title:

Size: A4 Date:

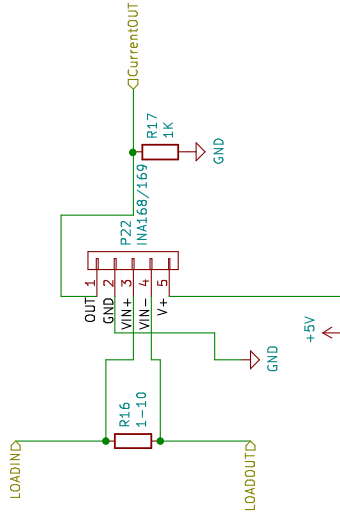
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Rev:

Id: 7/9

INA169 Current Sense

The Kicad symbol for INA168/169 was INCORRECT.
it has since been fixed (in official libraries),
but in Devuan Jessie it is wrong, so beware.



Sheet: /sheet5CBE/AB48/
File: CurrentSense_INA169.sch

Title:

Size: A4 Date:

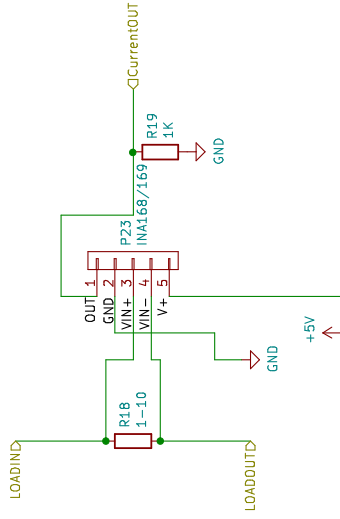
KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.2+dfsg1-1bpo9+1

Rev:

Id: 8/9

INA169 Current Sense

The Kicad symbol for INA168/169 was INCORRECT.
it has since been fixed (in official libraries),
but in Devuan Jessie it is wrong, so beware.



Sheet: /sheet5CBEAC38/
File: CurrentSense_INA169.sch

Title:

Size: A4 Date:

KiCad E.D.A. kicad 5.0.2+dfsg1-1bpo9+1

Rev:

Id: 9/9